

# Installation Guide

## Solid Surface Worktop

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**Please leave these instructions with the end user.**

### Important Information

- Read the instructions carefully.
- Check the product for any signs of damage and remove any protective film.
- It is recommended that a technically competent installer undertakes installation.
- Care should be taken when drilling walls to avoid any hidden wires or pipes.
- If this product is to be cut, ensure that the correct Personal Protective Equipment is used and that the room is well ventilated. Any cut edges must be sealed with good quality silicone sealant or PVA glue to prevent water ingress.

### Installation

It is recommended that the doors, drawer fronts and fascia panels are removed from the cabinets when fitting a worktop to avoid any potential damage. If the worktop has become slightly bowed due to incorrect storage, it can be pulled straight during the installation process.

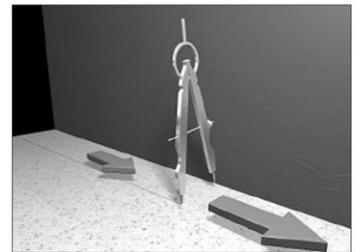
Position the worktop on the units and push it up against the wall to enable you to mark and measure for cutting. If the worktop is to be scribed to the wall, do so using a compass and pencil.



We suggest that an allowance of 10mm is made to accommodate a worktop overhang on an exposed worktop or show ends. Use a belt sander to remove the final material and to avoid saw chips. If necessary, hand finish the cut edge using a suitable grade of sandpaper.

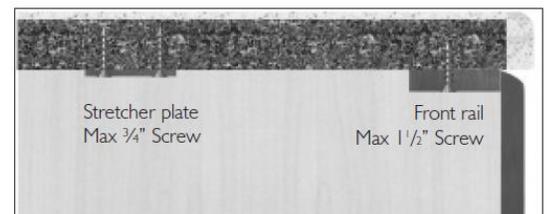
Seal all cut or raw edges (including those that meet the wall) using good quality silicone sealer ensuring that a full coverage is obtained.

Secure the worktop to the units from underneath using screws of the correct length (not supplied). Stretcher plates (not supplied) can also be used if required.



If the worktop is to be cut to install a semi-recessed basin, use the template supplied with the basin as a guide. Always use a router rather than a jigsaw to make the cuts.

To finish, run a bead of silicone between the joint of the worktop and the wall. Allow 24 hours to allow the silicone to cure fully.



### Care & Maintenance

Furniture should be regularly dusted with a soft cotton or micro-fibre cloth. For more thorough cleaning, occasionally wipe your furniture with a soft cloth dampened with a mild detergent solution. Surfaces should be thoroughly dried with a lint free cloth to prevent watermarks. Under no circumstances should solvent cleaning agents, bleach or abrasive cleaning agents or cloths be used. Spills should be removed immediately using a clean cloth. All bathroom furniture will deteriorate through prolonged periods of exposure to high levels of condensation so bathrooms must be adequately ventilated using suitable extraction. Failure to ensure adequate ventilation may invalidate your guarantee.